A. CLIFTON HODGES, State Bar No. 046803 **HODGES AND ASSOCIATES**

4 East Holly Street, Suite 202 Pasadena, California 91103 Telephone: (626) 564-9797 Facsimile: (626) 564-9111

Attorney for Plaintiffs

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

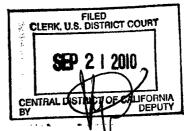
23

25

26

27

28



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DAVID ANDERSON, LT. COL.;
NELSON L. REYNOLDS, LT. COL.;
SHEILA MORRIS; PATRICK
CLUNEY; ROBERT HOLLENEGG;
ALLAN TREFFREY; and REECE
HAMILTON, individually and on
behalf of all similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

VS.

CHRISTOPHER COX, an individual; MARY L. SCHAPIRO, an individual; CYNTHIA A. GLASSMAN, an individual; PAUL S. ATKINS, an individual; ROEL C. CAMPOS, an individual; ANNETTE L. NAZARETH, an individual; TROY A. PAREDES, an individual; LUIS A. AGUILAR, an individual; ELISSE B. WALTER, an individual; KATHLEEN L. CASEY, an individual; and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive,

Defendants.

SACV 10-00031-JVS (MUSX)
Case No.:

ase No.:

Honorable James V. Selna

REVISED FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY JUDGMENT AND FOR DAMAGES FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS

(JURY TRIAL DEMANDED)

MANDATORY CHAMBER COPY

Page 1 of 25

 ///

///

COME NOW Plaintiffs DAVID ANDERSON, LT. COL.; NELSON L. REYNOLDS, LT. COL.; SHEILA MORRIS; PATRICK CLUNEY; ROBERT HOLLENEGG; ALLAN TREFFRY; and REECE HAMILTON, individually and on behalf of all similarly situated, who, for causes of action herein, allege:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This action for declaratory judgment and for damages for violations of the Plaintiffs' civil rights under *Bivens v. Six Unknown Agents of the FBI*, 403 U.S. 388 (1971), against Commissioners of the Securities and Exchange Commission, arises out of actions and failures to act occurring over the period from January 1, 2006, to date, by Defendants CHRISTOPHER COX, an individual; MARY L. SCHAPIRO, an individual; CYNTHIA A. GLASSMAN, an individual; PAUL S. ATKINS, an individual; ROEL C. CAMPOS, an individual; ANNETTE L. NAZARETH, an individual; TROY A. PAREDES, an individual; LUIS A. AGUILAR, an individual; ELISSE B. WALTER, an individual; KATHLEEN L. CASEY, an individual, and other government agents whose names are not now known to the Plaintiffs.
- 2. The Defendants, acting in the course and scope of their employment by the United States of America, as duly authorized Commissioners of the Securities and Exchange Commission, a federal agency, through their acts and omissions knowingly, consciously, wrongly, without compensation and without due process of law have effected a taking of property from each of the named Plaintiffs and all who are similarly situated.

Page 2 of 25

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This action for declaratory judgment and damages is predicated on the provisions of the Constitution and Statutes of the United States, the legal and equitable jurisdiction of this Court, the principles of common law, and this Court's concurrent and pendent jurisdiction.
- 4. This Court has jurisdiction over the Plaintiffs' claims under Article III of the United States Constitution and the Fifth Amendment thereto. This Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' property rights under the foregoing citations and, in addition, pursuant to Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1331, and the case law precedent of *Bivens v. Six Unknown Agents of the FBI*, 403 U.S. 388 (1971).
- 5. Venue is proper in this Court under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1391(e)(1)/(2). Defendants are all past or current Commissioners of the Securities and Exchange Commission and therefore agents of the United States Government, and a substantial part of the property, and the acts related to such property subject to Plaintiffs' claims, occurred or was situated in this Central District of California at all times.

PARTIES

The Plaintiffs

6. Plaintiff DAVID ANDERSON, LT. COL., U.S. Air Force pilot, resides in the State of Missouri, owns more than 280,000,000 shares of stock in CMKM Diamonds, Inc., and at all times relevant to the allegations set forth herein, was a citizen of the United States.

- 7. Plaintiff NELSON L. REYNOLDS, LT. COL., U.S. Air Force pilot, resides in the State of Texas, owns more than 15,000,000 shares of stock in CMKM Diamonds, Inc., and at all times relevant to the allegations set forth herein, was a citizen of the United States.
- 8. Plaintiff SHEILA MORRIS, a company owner/CEO, resides in the State of North Carolina, owns more than 400,000,000 shares of stock in CMKM Diamonds, Inc., and at all times relevant to the allegations set forth herein, was a citizen of the United States.
- 9. Plaintiff PATRICK CLUNEY, a retired professional athlete, resides in the State of Florida, owns more than 680,000,000 shares of stock in CMKM Diamonds, Inc., and at all times relevant to the allegations set forth herein, was a citizen of the United States.
- 10. Plaintiff ROBERT HOLLENEGG resides in the State of North Carolina, owns more than 85,000,000 shares of stock in CMKM Diamonds, Inc., and at all times relevant to the allegations set forth herein, was a citizen of the United States.
- 11. Plaintiff ALLAN TREFFRY, a licensed State of California Attorney, resides in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, owns more than One Billion shares of stock in CMKM Diamonds, Inc., and at all times relevant to the allegations set forth herein, was a citizen of the United States.
- 12. Plaintiff REECE HAMILTON, a business owner/partner, resides in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, owns more than One Billion shares of stock in CMKM Diamonds, Inc.,

and at all times relevant to the allegations set forth herein, was a citizen of the United States.

The Defendants

- 13. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from August 3, 2005 to January 20, 2009, Defendant CHRISTOPHER COX (hereinafter "COX") acted individually and in the course and scope of his employment as the 28th Chairman of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 14. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from January 22, 2009 to the present, Defendant MARY L. SCHAPIRO (hereinafter "SCHAPIRO") acted individually and in the course and scope of her employment as the 29th Chairwoman of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 15. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from January 28, 2002 through July 14, 2006, Defendant CYNTHIA A. GLASSMAN (hereinafter "GLASSMAN") acted individually and in the course and scope of her employment as a Commissioner, and during the Summer of 2005, as Acting Chairwoman, of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 16. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from July 9, 2002 to August, 2008, Defendant PAUL S. ATKINS (hereinafter "ATKINS") acted individually and in the course and scope of his employment as a Commissioner of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 17. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from August 22, 2002 to September, 2007, Defendant ROEL C. CAMPOS (hereinafter "CAMPOS") acted individually and in the course and

6

12 13

11

14 15

16 17

18 19

20 21

22

25 26

24

27 28 scope of his employment as a Commissioner of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

- 18. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from August 4, 2005 to July 31, 2008, Defendant ANNETTE L. NAZARETH (hereinafter "NAZARETH") acted individually and in the course and scope of her employment as a Commissioner of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 19. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from August 1, 2008 to the present, Defendant TROY A. PAREDES (hereinafter "PAREDES") acted individually and in the course and scope of his employment as a Commissioner of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 20. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from June 27, 2008 to the present, Defendant LUIS A. AGUILAR (hereinafter "AGUILAR") acted individually and in the course and scope of his employment as a Commissioner of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 21. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from July 9, 2008 to the present, Defendant ELISSE B. WALTER (hereinafter "WALTER") acted individually and in the course and scope of her employment as a Commissioner, and during January of 2009, as Acting Chairwoman, of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 22. At all times herein mentioned, and specifically from July 17, 2006 to the present, Defendant KATHLEEN L. CASEY (hereinafter "CASEY") acted individually and in the course and scope of her employment as a Commissioner of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

- 23. At all times herein mentioned, each of the named Defendants were acting as individuals and as Chairpersons and/or Commissioners of the Securities and Exchange Commission, an agency of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, holding primary responsibility for enforcing the federal securities laws and regulating the securities industry, the nation's stock and options exchanges, and other electronic securities markets in the United States. These individual Defendants are the real parties in interest in the claims set forth herein.
- 24. Other employees and servants of the Securities and Exchange Commission are also liable for damages under the causes of action set out in this Complaint. However, the names of these employees and servants are not now known to Plaintiffs, who thereby name them herein as DOES 1 through 10. When the names of these employees and servants become known, Plaintiffs reserve the right to amend this Complaint to add the names of these DOE Defendants.

FACTUAL CONTENTIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

25. In November and December, 2002, CYBER MARK INTERNATIONAL INC., a public company domiciled in Nevada, reverse-merged with Casavant Mineral Claims, which then held mineral claims to more than 600,000 acres within Saskatchewan, Canada, increased authorized capital from 500,000,000 to 10,000,000,000 common shares, cancelled all preferred shares, and changed its name to CASAVANT MINING KIMBERLITE INTERNATIONAL, INC. (CMKI); as of February 3, 2003, 7,241,653,404 shares were issued and outstanding.

During the succeeding months CMKI declared a 2 for 1

- stock split and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission: Form 15 exemption claim, July, 2003; Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation changing its name to CMKM DIAMONDS, INC. (CMKM), February 5, 2004; Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation raising its authorized capital to 500,000,000,000 common shares @ \$0.001 par value, March 1, 2004; Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation correcting the par value of common shares as of December 26, 2002 to \$0.0001 par value, July 13, 2004; Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation raising its authorized capital to 800,000,000,000 common shares @ \$0.0001 par value, July 13, 2004.
- 27. During the summer and fall of 2004: New York Attorney Roger Glenn was retained by the company; the number of acres upon which CMKM held claims increased to over 1.2 Million acres; claims development activity was pursued by the company; and a shareholders appreciation party was planned to be celebrated in Las Vegas, Nevada to thank the shareholders, to give them an opportunity to meet company personnel, and to announce an agreed upon merger with another public company, U.S. CANADIAN MINERALS INC. On the eve of the party celebration, Defendants GLASSMAN, ATKINS, and CAMPOS, *inter alia*, had an order placed on CMKM preventing any public disclosure of anticipated mergers or other development information.
- 28. In early 2005, CMKM announced the addition of Robert A. Maheu to the Board of Directors who shortly thereafter became the co-chairman of the Board; CMKM announced a new "corporate

strategy plan to dramatically and comprehensively transform" the company for generation of consistent, long-term growth and profitability for the shareholders; CMKM filed an amended Form 15 on February 17, 2005 reinstating the company to a public reporting status; and on March 3, 2005 was notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of a temporary suspension of trading of the company's stock (Pink Sheets-CMKX) based upon, inter alia, concerns over the "adequacy" of publicly available information.

- 29. On March 16, 2005, Defendants GLASSMAN, ATKINS, and CAMPOS, *inter alia*, had a public administrative proceeding pursuant to Section 12(j) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 instituted against CMKM to determine whether the company was required to file periodic reports under Section 12(g), and whether CMKM failed to comply with Section 13(a), and rules there-under, by failing to so file. CMKM responded on April 11, 2005 admitting that CMKM had a duty to file public reports and alleging various grounds of mistake, malpractice and other affirmative defenses to the factual allegations.
- 30. From March 17, 2005 through April 29, 2005 CMKM traded publicly in the US under the trading symbol "CMKX," a total of 551,756,751,833 shares, an average share volume of more than 17 billion shares per day, reaching a maximum on April 21, 2005 of 94,654,588,201 shares. These figures do not include foreign trades, nor trades made on an ex-clearing basis such as those disclosed by Jefferies & Company, Inc. on May 6, 2005: between March 25, 2004 and September 21, 2004 Jefferies traded 111,780,681,204 shares of CMKX stock on an ex-clearing basis.

- 31. More than 90 billion shares of this company were traded in one day in April, 2005. Defendant COX has since been quoted as saying this was the most heavily naked shorted company in the history of the world.
- 32. NASD companies in business during that period of time were reportedly told: "It's free money; you can sell as many shares as you can find buyers for and put all of the money in your pocket. You don't ever have to buy the shares." Many of those companies were on a no-borrow list at that time, and to borrow shares, as a legitimate broker in 2005, required \$2.50/share for borrowing. Nonetheless, some companies sold an average of 17 billion shares a day into the market, with the money accumulated subsequently transferred to offshore hedge funds, Hezbollah, and various groups in Iraq, Iran and Afghanistan.
- 33. On May 10, 2005 the Section 12(j) administrative proceeding was conducted in a United States Central District of California courtroom; the Administrative Law Judge, Honorable Brenda P. Murray entered her decision on July 12, 2005, finding the facts to be as alleged by the Securities and Exchange Commission and Defendants GLASSMAN and ATKINS. CMKM then filed a Petition for Review, which was granted, and a briefing schedule set.
- 34. On October 20, 2005: Robert A. Maheu resigned as a member and co-chairman of the CMKM Board of Directors; Urban Casavant agreed to remain as the sole officer and Director of CMKM until the affairs of CMKM were wound up to ensure all shares and other assets of CMKM were properly distributed to its stockholders; CMKM entered into an agreement with Entourage

Mining Ltd. pursuant to which CMKM assigned its 50% interest in United Carina Resources Corp. to Entourage for 15,000,000 shares of stock, sold its 36% interest in Nevada Minerals, Inc. claims to Entourage for 5,000,000 shares of stock, and made a joint agreement with 101047025 Saskatchewan Inc. and Entourage whereby certain claims were transferred and CMKM became entitled to receive 30,000,000 shares of Entourage stock; CMKM's other agreements with United Carina Resources Corp. and Nevada Minerals Inc. were terminated.

35. On October 21, 2005 pursuant to a corporate resolution to self-liquidate, CMKM approved formation of a Task Force consisting of Robert A. Maheu, Donald J. Stoecklein and Bill Frizzell for the purpose of assisting CMKM and Mr. Maheu, as "designated Trustee, to conduct an orderly and verifiable pro rata liquidating distribution of any Entourage Mining Ltd. shares...and any other available assets of CMKM;" the SEC Petition for Review was withdrawn by CMKM on October 21, 2005 and a Securities and Exchange Commission Order of Defendants COX, GLASSMAN, ATKINS, CAMPOS, and NAZARETH, de-registering CMKM, subsequently was formally entered on October 28, 2005, based on the findings of Administrative Law Judge Brenda P. Murray. CMKM had 703,518,875,000 shares of common stock issued and outstanding on that date.

36. On November 4, 2005 CMKM established a web site (CMKMTaskForce.com) for the purpose, *inter alia*, of advising all shareholders to request physical share certificates evidencing their ownership interest in CMKM as one means of establishing that they were bona fide shareholders of the company. Pursuant to its

corporate resolution, the company intended at that time to wind up its affairs and distribute the 50 million shares of Entourage Mining Ltd. stock and any other assets, including previously unpaid dividends, to the bona fide shareholders. The web site set forth procedures to be followed and established a means of registering all bona fide shareholder certificates prior to December 31, 2005; certificates evidencing 43,309,298,585, shares had been registered at that time.

- 37. A frequently asked question (FAQ) page was added to the web site on the evening of November 4, 2005 and in response to a question about the degree of naked shorting of CMKM stock, the Task Force indicated that "Credible information indicates the number of naked short shares is potentially as high as 2 Trillion shares."
- 38. The Task Force issued a press release on January 19, 2006 discussing a reduction in total shares of Entourage Mining Ltd. stock to be distributed to CMKM shareholders from 50 Million shares to 45 Million shares as a result of a reduction in mining claims involved. The Task Force also discussed issues involving difficulties obtaining physical share certificates being experienced by shareholders; accordingly the deadline date for registration of shares was extended to March 15, 2006. The Task Force was provided a new "cert list" by First Global Stock Transfer showing certs issued "and active" on January 13, 2006; ADP Services also provided information to the Task Force. This data reflected a sample of 25,021 certificates representing 350,000,000,000 plus shares of stock and a total of more than 67,000 additional certificates to be counted.

- 39. The CMKM shareholders, at this time, properly believed a pro-rata share of the assets that the company possessed would be duly distributed. The company then owned all of the monies that had been accumulated and placed into trusts. Since Entourage had considerable assets and no substantial liabilities, the shareholders then held a vested pro-rata property right interest protected under the Constitution.
- 40. On March 16, 2006 the Task Force issued a public release which stated "...we received a visit in our office [in Tyler, Texas] by an E-Trade rep today. This rep personally hand delivered copies of approximately 4000" CMKM stock certificates. Further information regarding on-going discussions with the DTCC and other brokerage houses was also provided.
- 41. The Task Force provided additional information on March 20, 2006, extending the time for registration of certificates to May 15, 2006, advising the shareholders that Urban Casavant and his immediate family would not participate in the share distribution, and advising that a printed notice to stock holders would be published in at least one nationally circulated United States newspaper.
- 42. On May 25, 2006 the Task Force received a second batch of 1,200 share certificates from AmeriTrade, having received some 1,000 share certificates a week earlier. AmeriTrade's cover letter indicated that several hundred more certificates would be delivered within "the next few days." The deadline for registering certificates of May 15, 2006 had not been extended, although the Task Force continued to advise shareholders that they should obtain their certificates, and that the Task Force would honor any

bona fide shareholder at the time of asset distribution. By late Fall, 2006, the Task Force had received and counted copies of certificates from more than 39,000 shareholders, evidencing more than 635 Billion shares.

- 43. Kevin West was hired pursuant to a written agreement by CMKM during the summer of 2006 to assist in winding up the affairs of the company and, more specifically, coordinating the share certificate pull. After serving nearly a year as Interim CEO, Kevin West was appointed Chairman of the Board on March 29, 2007 after which Urban Casavant stepped down as sole director, president, secretary and treasurer of CMKM Diamonds, Inc. Mr. West soon thereafter appointed Bill Frizzell as CMKM General Counsel and provided instructions for the filing of a number of lawsuits to attempt to recover moneys and other assets which had been wrongfully taken from the company.
- 44. During the period of June 1, 2004 through October 28, 2005 a total of 2.25 Trillion "phantom" shares of CMKM Diamonds Inc, was sold into the public market through legitimate brokers, illegitimate brokers and dealers, market makers, hedge funds, exclearing transactions and private transactions. The sales of the majority of such shares were at all such times known to Defendants COX, GLASSMAN, ATKINS, CAMPOS and NAZARETH.
- 45. At some date prior to June 1, 2004, Defendants GLASSMAN, ATKINS, and CAMPOS, in concert with the Department of Justice of the United States, together combined with Robert A. Maheu and others to facilitate a "sting operation," utilizing CMKM Diamonds, Inc. (without the knowledge or consent of its shareholders), for the purpose of trapping a number of widely

disbursed entities and persons who were believed to be engaged in naked short selling of CMKM Diamonds Inc. stock, and in cellar boxing the company. Defendants GLASSMAN, ATKINS and CAMPOS, in conjunction with the Department of Justice, and with the assistance of the Department of Homeland Security, believed and developed evidence that said short sellers were utilizing their activities to illegally launder moneys, wrongfully export moneys, avoid payment of taxes, and to support foreign terrorist operations. To fulfill the plan to criminally trap such wrongdoers, Defendants GLASSMAN, ATKINS and CAMPOS, with assistance from the Departments of Justice and Homeland Security:

- a) Assisted in and approved the retention of Roger Glenn, an ex-SEC trial attorney and drafter of Sarbanes-Oxley, to join CMKM Diamonds Inc. for the purpose of verifying claims value, increasing authorized shares of stock to 800,000,000,000, and supervising from the inside of the company;
- b) Encouraged the company to "pump the stock," by expanding its promotional activities, assisting in the set up of the "racing activities" of the company, underwriting a substantial portion of the cost of such activities with the purchase of a drag racing car with "CMKX" painted on the outside, photographs of which were publicly bandied about the Internet, and presenting the car for racing events in several jurisdictions;

///

- c) Consented to, facilitated, and supported the sale of certain company claims to several foreign corporations;
- d) Consented to. facilitated, and supported Robert A. Maheu his conferences between associates on the one hand, and the wrongdoing short sellers on the other, all for the purpose of settling the potential liability of said wrongdoers with consent of the U. S. Government and a representation of no criminal prosecution for such illegal sales;
- e) Consented to, facilitated, and supported the declaration of dividends payable by the company to each common shareholder of CMKM Diamonds, Inc.;
- f) Consented to, facilitated, and supported the distribution of shares of CIM, a private company owned by Urban Casavant, as a stock dividend, including consent and approval of distribution of said shares to holders of more than 1.4 Trillion shares of CMKM Diamonds, Inc. common stock; and
- g) Consented to, facilitated, and supported numerous other acts and deceptions consistent with effecting the "sting operation."
- 46. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that Defendants, and each of them, facilitated the above-described "sting operation" without the knowledge or consent of the shareholders, and entered into agreements Defendants knew would damage the shareholders by driving CMKM Diamonds, Inc. out of business.

9 10 11

12 13 14

15 16

18

17

20 21

19

22 23

24 25

- 47. During the period from November, 2004 through April, 2005, CMKM Diamonds, Inc. negotiated the sale of some of its Saskatchewan, Canada mineral claims to three Chinese domiciled corporations with the advice and consent, *inter alia*, of Defendants GLASSMAN, ATKINS and CAMPOS. Proceeds from the consummation of such sales were placed into a frozen trust for disbursal at a later time upon self-liquidation.
- 48. During the period from March, 2004 through August, 2006, on behalf of CMKM Diamonds, Inc. Robert A. Maheu, with assistance from others, negotiated a settlement with the illegitimate brokers, dealers, market makers, hedge funds, and other persons and entities that had engaged in naked short selling of CMKM Diamonds Inc. stock and cellar boxing the company. In exchange for a U. S. Government promise of no prosecution for such sales, the wrongdoers each promised to pay negotiated amounts to a frozen trust for disbursal at a later time. negotiated settlement was achieved by gathering representatives of the illegitimate brokers, dealers, market makers, hedge funds and other persons who had engaged in naked short selling of the stock into a large venue, where they watched a video and slide presentation of all of the evidence of their wrongdoing. They were offered an opportunity to either pay a reasonable amount for each transaction conducted illegally, or to walk out of the venue subject to criminal prosecution. They were also placed on notice that the U.S. Government was watching them, and warned to refrain from any future illicit and illegal behavior. Each attendee paid.
- 49. Once the moneys had been collected, Defendants COX, GLASSMAN, ATKINS, CAMPOS, and NAZARETH assumed

disbursement control of the funds, and the right to determine when the release of the moneys to the shareholders would occur. Because it was required to fulfill the "sting operation" goals, Robert Maheu agreed that these Defendants should control the distribution time for the funds after they determined the "sting operation" goals had been fulfilled. Robert Maheu further agreed that no CMKM liquidation assets would be distributed without consent of the Defendant Commissioners.

- 50. Plaintiffs herein are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that other moneys have been collected for the benefit of the shareholders of CMKM Diamonds, Inc. from the Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation, from the United States Government, and from the sale of additional assets including consent to enter into joint venture agreements with other companies holding mineral claims in Saskatchewan, Canada.
- 51. Plaintiffs herein are further informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that said moneys, collected for the benefit of shareholders have been placed in a trust, or are otherwise now held in trust, by the Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation, a privately-owned clearing house for all secured financial transactions which take place in the United States, and the United States Treasury, pursuant to a Trust Agreement on behalf of the shareholders.
- 52. By operation of Federal Law, at all times mentioned herein, the then acting Chairpersons and Commissions of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the named Defendants herein) held and hold the sole, final and absolute discretion to determine when moneys collected pursuant to the scheme set forth

- 53. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that pursuant to the terms of the agreements entered into, all moneys were to have been released within one year of the time the company was originally de-listed, in October of 2005. It has now been almost five years, and the Defendants, and each of them, have failed and refuse to release these funds to the shareholders.
- 54. Demand for release of said moneys has been repeatedly presented to Defendants, and each of them, without result. Defendants, and each of them, acting in concert with the Department of Justice have represented repeatedly that the release of moneys for distribution was imminent, and/or would occur within several weeks, and/or would occur within less than a month. Each such representation has been made knowing it to be false. These repeated actions of withholding distribution of said moneys, without compensation, and without due process of law, amount to a taking of the property of the individual Plaintiffs and of all similarly situated.
- 55. At all times mentioned herein, Defendants, and each of them, have acted with deliberate indifference or reckless disregard for the Constitutional and other rights of all Plaintiffs, or with the intention and knowledge that they were violating Plaintiffs' Constitutional or other rights or to cause them other injuries, losses and damage.
- 56. As a result of misconduct of Defendants, and each of them, each of the named Plaintiffs and all of those similarly

 situated, have been denied their Constitutional rights, including, but not limited to, their Fifth Amendment right to be secure in their property, free from taking without just compensation and without due process of law, and have suffered injuries and property loss in excess of Three Trillion Dollars.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 57. Plaintiffs bring this action individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, and in the public interest.
- 58. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of a class of persons who were and are bona fide shareholders in CMKM Diamonds, Inc., a public company directly supervised by the Defendants, and each of them.
- 59. Plaintiffs are members of said class, have a claim typical of the claims of all members of said class, and will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the members of said class.
- 60. The members of said class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
- 61. All of the class members are wholly identifiable from documents known to be in the possession of Defendants.
- 62. The claims of the members of said class present common issues of fact and law which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of the class.
- 63. The defenses available to defendants to the claims of the members of the class present common issues of fact and law which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of the class.

- 64. The prosecution of separate actions by the individual members of the class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for defendants.
- 65. Adjudications with respect to individual members of said class would, as a practical matter be dispositive of the interest of other members not parties to the individual adjudications or would substantially impair or impede the right and/or ability to protect their interest.
- 66. Defendants, and each of them, have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to said class thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief with respect to the class as a whole.
- 67. Unless ordered by this court, Defendants SCHAPIRO, PAREDES, AGUILAR, WALTER and CASEY will continue their illegal and wrongful conduct, and repeated actions by individual class members will be required to obtain relief; and thereby the remedies available at law are inadequate.
- 68. For all of the above reasons, a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the claims alleged herein.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 69. Plaintiffs incorporate as though fully set forth herein, all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 68 above.
- 70. Plaintiffs allege that an actual controversy exists in this jurisdiction, in that it is the Plaintiffs' contention that:

- 1 2 3 4
- 5 6
- 7 8
- 9 10
- 11 12
- 13
- 14 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21 22
- 23
- 24
- 25 26
- 27 28

- The Defendants are, or in the past were, Chairpersons a) or Commissioners of the Securities and Exchange Commission, an agency of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. At all relevant times herein, said Defendants were acting as individuals and in their official capacity as agents of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- On and after January 1, 2006, the Defendants, and b) each of them, acting alone and acting in concert with each other, and acting without just cause, did consciously, knowingly, intentionally and wrongfully cause certain acts and omissions to proceed in such manner as to hinder, delay, and ultimately prevent the distribution of moneys held for the benefit of Plaintiffs, and all similarly situated, said moneys being payable to each said person on a per share basis.
- The Defendants, and each of them, acted in their c) individual and their official capacities with deliberate or reckless disregard for the Constitutional and other rights of Plaintiffs and all similarly situated or with malicious intent and with the knowledge that their acts and omissions violated and denied the Constitutional and other rights of Plaintiffs and all similarly situated, or that their acts would cause said Plaintiffs and all similarly situated other injuries.
- The Defendants, and each of them, did unlawfully and d) wrongfully cause certain acts and omissions to proceed in such manner as to hinder, delay, and ultimately prevent the distribution of moneys held for the benefit

- of Plaintiffs and all similarly situated, even though the Defendants knew that said persons had a vested interest and Constitutional right to receive said moneys in a timely, unfettered and unconstrained manner.
- e) The Defendants, and each of them, knew that Plaintiffs and all similarly situated had a vested interest and Constitutional right to receive said moneys in a timely, unfettered and unconstrained manner when they committed the acts and omissions set forth above, causing each said person to be deprived of property without just compensation and without due process of law.
- 71. The Defendants, and each of them, contend to the contrary. Therefore, it is necessary and proper for this Court at this time to determine and declare the validity of the contentions of the parties as set forth above.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(FOR VIOLATION OF THE PLAINTIFFS' CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AGAINST DEFENDANTS COX, SHAPIRO, GLASSMAN, ATKINS, CAMPOS, NAZARETH, PAREDES, AGUILAR, WALTER, and CASEY)

- 72. Plaintiffs incorporate as though fully set forth herein all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 68, above.
- 73. Defendants, and each of them, by committing the above-mentioned acts and omissions, violated and denied the Plaintiffs' Constitutional rights, and those of all similarly situated, including, but not limited to, their Fifth Amendment right to be

secure in their property, free from taking without just compensation and without due process of law.

- 74. Defendants, and each of them, acted and failed to act with the intent to deny the Constitutional rights of Plaintiffs and of all those similarly situated, or with the intentional or callous disregard or deliberate indifference to those rights. The above described acts of the Defendants, all charged with securities law enforcement as Chairpersons and Commissioners of the Securities and Exchange Commission, in violation of the Constitutional rights of Plaintiffs and of all those similarly situated, were not intended to be exempt from liability.
- 75. As a result of the Defendants' acts, Plaintiffs and all those similarly situated have suffered injuries and property loss in excess of 3.87 Trillion Dollars in an exact amount to be determined at the time of Trial. Because Defendants' actions were intentional or done with callous disregard or deliberate indifference to the Constitutional and other rights of all Plaintiffs, this Court should award punitive damages against each individually named Defendant.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs seek judgment as follows:

- 1. For a declaratory judgment, pursuant to Title 28 U.S.C., Sections 2201 and 2202, which determines and declares the validity of the contentions of the parties set forth in Paragraphs 69 through 71, above;
- 2. For a judgment for compensatory, general and special damages in the amounts prayed for in the Second Cause of action set forth above;

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

- 3. For a judgment for punitive damages in an amount sufficient to punish and to make examples of these Defendants, and to deter these Defendants and others from engaging in similar conduct;
- 4. For an award of reasonable attorney's fees, expenses and costs of suit incurred herein; and
- 5. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

Dated: September 17, 2010.

HODGES AND ASSOCIATES

A. CLIFTON HODGES

Attorney for Plaintiffs

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiffs demand a jury trial on all issues so triable.

Dated: September 17, 2010.

HODGES AND ASSOCIATES

Attorney for Plaintif

Gina

From:

ΑI

Sent:

Friday, September 17, 2010 2:11 PM

To:

Gina

Subject:

FW: Activity in Case 8:10-cv-00031-JVS-MLG David Anderson et al v. Christopher Cox et al

Amended Document (Non-Motion)

Importance: High

From: cacd_ecfmail@cacd.uscourts.gov [mailto:cacd_ecfmail@cacd.uscourts.gov]

Sent: Friday, September 17, 2010 2:14 PM

To: ecfnef@cacd.uscourts.gov

Subject: Activity in Case 8:10-cv-00031-JVS-MLG David Anderson et al v. Christopher Cox et al Amended

Document (Non-Motion)

This is an automatic e-mail message generated by the CM/ECF system. Please DO NOT RESPOND to this e-mail because the mail box is unattended.

NOTE TO PUBLIC ACCESS USERS Judicial Conference of the United States policy permits attorneys of record and parties in a case (including pro se litigants) to receive one free electronic copy of all documents filed electronically, if receipt is required by law or directed by the filer. PACER access fees apply to all other users. To avoid later charges, download a copy of each document during this first viewing. However, if the referenced document is a transcript, the free copy and 30 page limit do not apply.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Notice of Electronic Filing

The following transaction was entered by Hodges, A on 9/17/2010 at 2:13 PM PDT and filed on 9/17/2010

Case Name:

David Anderson et al v. Christopher Cox et al

Case Number:

8:10-cv-00031-JVS-MLG

Filer:

David Anderson

Nelson L Reynolds Sheila Morris

Patrick Cluney Robert Hollenegg

Reece Hamilton

Document Number: 18

Docket Text:

AMENDED DOCUMENT filed by Plaintiffs David Anderson, Patrick Cluney, Reece Hamilton, Robert Hollenegg, Sheila Morris, Nelson L Reynolds. Amendment to Amended Document (Non-Motion), Amended Document (Non-Motion)[17] REVISED FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY JUDGMENT AND

FOR DAMAGES FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS (Hodges, A)

8:10-cv-00031-JVS-MLG Notice has been electronically mailed to:

A Clifton Hodges al@hodgesandassociates.com

Keith M Staub keith.staub@usdoj.gov, usacac.civil@usdoj.gov

8:10-cv-00031-JVS-MLG Notice has been delivered by First Class U. S. Mail or by fax to: :

The following document(s) are associated with this transaction:

Document description: Main Document

Original filename: C:\fakepath\revised am cpt.pdf

Electronic document Stamp:

[STAMP cacdStamp_ID=1020290914 [Date=9/17/2010] [FileNumber=10353858-0] [2433bd9379c27c7849da34b41b759b4d722035bbac60f5ff6a4ef98218d4b882c98 3dd107.17de4bb224c2d27d597a75ccad4416a5c911ad0057fbf6e9ffc4c5d]]